I. Background

A Principal Investigator (PI) must have the experience, professional qualifications, and access to the research facilities and resources necessary to ensure the proper care and use of vertebrate animals in research and/or education. This individual must accept the responsibility as PI to conduct research or to teach using vertebrate animals at UC Berkeley.

It is a privilege, not a right, to use animals in research. All parts of the animal use community - PIs, research staff, students, the Animal Care and Use Committee (ACUC) and the Institutional Official (IO) – share a responsibility to protect UC Berkeley's ability to use animals in research and teaching.

II. Policy

Individuals who have been granted PI status (either on the basis of their employment status or because they have been granted such privileges by exception) or who are Instructors of Record accept responsibility for the ethical use of animals in research and/or teaching including appropriate design, execution, and management.

III. Definitions

A. Animal Use Protocol (AUP) – A cumulative description of all proposed uses of animals as well as all species and the number of animals per species to be used over a maximum of three years.

B. Principal Investigator (PI) –

1. An individual who holds a qualified Berkeley campus appointment and is eligible under University policy to submit proposals for extramural support of a research, training, or public service project, and/or to teach or perform research involving animals. This individual has primary responsibility for the design, execution, and management of a research project and will be involved in the project in a significant manner.

2. Students may not act as PIs even if they are PIs on grant applications. The student’s mentor or another individual must meet the above-mentioned requirements for eligibility and must be named as the PI on the associated AUP.

C. Exceptional Principal Investigator (PI) – An individual who is a UC Berkeley employee who is eligible under University policy to submit proposals for extramural support of a research, training, or public service and to teach or perform research involving animals. Exceptional PI status is granted by the Chancellor or his/her delegated representatives to have primary
responsibility over the design, execution, and management of a research project and who will be involved in the project in a significant manner.

D. Instructor of Record – An individual who is designated as the Instructor of Record for an academic course involving the use of live vertebrate animals, including courses that involve field studies or field trips.

IV. Applicability

A. This policy applies to all individuals listed on an AUP as PI. To be considered a PI, UC Berkeley acknowledges the appointments and exceptions outlined in the University of California, Berkeley’s policy, entitled “Policy on Eligibility for the Submission of Extramural Support Proposals and Procedures for Obtaining Exceptions”.

B. Only the Course Instructor of Record can serve as PI on a teaching AUP.

V. Responsibilities

A. Overall PI responsibilities

1. Abide by and personally ensure that all students, staff, and faculty on their AUP abide by the applicable laws, policies and regulations including, but not limited to:
   a) The US Department of Agriculture (USDA)’s Animal Welfare Act and Regulations (AWA/AWR)
   b) The current Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (Guide),
   c) The Public Health Service Policy on Humane Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (PHS Policy)
   d) UC Berkeley’s Animal Welfare Assurance
   e) All UC System and UC Berkeley policies and guidelines regulating the humane use of live vertebrate animals in instruction and research including occupational health requirements unless the ACUC grants an exception
   f) The Regents of the University of California Standards of Ethical Conduct

2. Ensure that the transportation, care and use of animals is in accordance with the appropriate regulations.

3. Abide by all regulations governing the importation, collection and/or maintenance of wild species, and obtain permits from all applicable regulatory agencies prior to the acquisition of animals (if necessary).
4. Acknowledge that the failure to comply with federal, state, or local regulations on animal use or with university and IACUC policies and procedures may result in suspension of the approved protocol and notification sent to the regulatory agencies and PI funding agencies.

5. Ensure that all procedures are conducted in accordance with UC Berkeley safety procedures, including those pertaining to personal protective equipment and health.

B. Protocol Submission, Content, and Compliance

1. Electronic mail received from a Principal Investigator's private (single-user) account will be considered official correspondence by the ACUC. A facsimile transmission of a document requiring a signature will also be accepted as an official record.

2. AUPs submitted online via eProtocol on behalf of a PI must document on the Certification Page the PI’s acceptance of his/her responsibilities as PI.

3. In eProtocol, only the PI of the grant can identify and add the sources of funding that are supporting the research, teaching and/or experimentation as described in the protocol. Such funding or support must be accurate to enable ACUC/OACU to certify congruence between said protocol and grant to funding agencies. There does not need to be a one-to-one match between a protocol and a funding source.

4. Submit an AUP that accurately describes current and proposed activities during a given three-year (de novo) approval period (see Policy and Procedures on Protocol Review for details). The AUP must be reviewed and approved by the ACUC before any work with animals begins.

5. Ensure all changes in animal care and use - including any change in the personnel listed on this protocol - are promptly forwarded to the ACUC for review and approval as an amendment prior to beginning the work.

6. Design and perform procedures that:
   a) Are relevant to human or animal health, advancement of knowledge, or the good of society
   b) Use the appropriate species, quality, and number of animals to obtain valid results
   c) Avoid or minimize discomfort, distress, and pain in concert with sound science
   d) Use appropriate sedation, analgesia, or anesthesia
   e) Use established experimental end points
7. Demonstrate that all proposed uses of animals are not unnecessarily duplicative of work done by yourself or others.

8. Review pertinent scientific literature and/or databases to determine if valid alternatives to any procedures described in the AUP causing more than momentary or slight pain, distress, or generalized discomfort to animals (whether it is relieved or not) do not exist and are not appropriate.

9. Document the number of animals requested is the minimum number required to address the scientific questions. This justification of numbers should be based on statistical analysis if possible. Pilot studies or initial study design based on published data may not require statistical justification.

10. Conduct only the procedures and projects outlined in the most recent version of the ACUC-approved protocol.

11. Complete the appropriate paperwork for annual review (sent by the OACU) to remain compliant.

12. Respond in a timely manner to questions and comments from the ACUC or Office for Animal Care and Use (OACU).

13. Report non-compliances, as well as adverse events, unanticipated problems or complications, and animal welfare concerns to the ACUC Chair, Attending Veterinarian, or the OACU Director in a timely manner as per the ACUC guideline, “Reporting Suspected Deficiencies or Concerns in Animal Care or Treatment”.

C. Use of Animals

1. Treat all animals—alive or dead—with respect.

2. Acknowledge the definition of a vertebrate animal as outlined in the ACUC “Animal Care and Use Program Policy”, Public Health Service (PHS) Policy and the Animal Welfare Act and Regulations.

   a) Animals at or beyond the life stages identified in those documents must be included and approved in the PI’s AUP prior to use.

   b) If the PI uses animals that do not meet those criteria, a contingency plan must be established in case the animals develop beyond those stages.

3. Abide by the procedures outlined in the approved AUP, ensuring that animals are obtained from approved sources and that the procedures detailed in the protocol are followed with precision.

4. Conduct experiments on living animals only under the close supervision of qualified and experienced persons or ensure that only qualified and experienced personnel conduct the experiments.
5. If PI care is approved by the ACUC, provide appropriate animal husbandry or ensure that qualified lab personnel provides such appropriate animal husbandry.

6. Ensure appropriate monitoring of all animals.

7. Notify the veterinary staff immediately if any animal health concerns arise, including unanticipated pain, distress, morbidity or mortality.

8. Maintain complete records and documentation appropriate to the type of research, including up-to-date and accessible animal health records.

9. Complete Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for animal-related activities, if requested. These documents should be stored in an easily accessible location in the laboratory with a copy sent to OLAC for documentation.

10. Designated animal areas
   
   a) Abide by the ACUC “Admission of Visitors to Animal Facilities” policy when receiving visitors and, if necessary, obtain permission from appropriate parties.
   
   b) Monitor and initiate corrective action related to the condition and maintenance of the rooms designated on their AUP (unless the space is otherwise designated as OLAC’s responsibility).
   
   c) Ensure that sound generators (e.g., radios, alarms, cell phone ring tones) are not used in animal facilities unless approved as part of an enrichment program or are approved by ACUC as an exception to the Guide in the PI’s AUP. Portable media devices with in ear headphones (buds) may be used. For safety reasons, only one ear bud may be used and volume must be low enough that the device does not disturb the animals and is not audible to people from either the used or unused ear bud.
   
   d) Ensure that the use of media in animal facilities or labs adheres to the ACUC policy on such media recording and use.

D. Personnel and training

1. Cooperate with OLAC, ACUC and other investigators to ensure that only individuals with appropriate authorization have access to UCB animals and animal facilities.

2. Ensure and document that all individuals named in the personnel sheet have completed the basic and/or refresher training outlined in the ACUC “Training & Education” policy as well as procedure-specific training as needed and/or required by the ACUC.

3. Certify and document that all individuals having direct contact with live vertebrate animals, including the PI, are trained in humane and scientifically acceptable procedures for: animal handling, surgical
techniques; administration of anesthetics, analgesics and/or therapeutic drugs; and, euthanasia.

4. Unless otherwise assigned (e.g., OLAC), provide adequate hands-on training and assess competency prior to allowing individuals to work independently.

5. Maintain training documentation (e.g., procedures, euthanasia, husbandry) for all personnel.

6. Make copies of the approved protocol and any subsequent modifications available to all laboratory personnel.

7. Animal Occupational Health and Safety Program (AOHSP)
   a) Ensure that all individuals with animal or animal product contact complete and submit the Animal Exposure Questionnaire (AEQ) to enroll in this program.
   b) Confirm that any individual who fits the criteria below is enrolled and participates in the medical surveillance program through the Occupational Health Clinic:
      (1) At potentially higher risk due to their specific animal work (e.g., exposure to certain viruses) and/or pre-existing medical conditions (e.g., asthma)
      (2) Work with non-human primates (NHPs)
      (3) Work with animals and specific biohazardous agents (e.g., tuberculosis) in a Biosafety Level 3 facility.
   c) Encourage all individuals to participate in the AOHSP.

E. Hazardous agents

1. Submit Biological Use Authorizations (BUAs), Radiation Use Authorizations (RUAs) and any other forms/applications required for the use hazardous agents. These documents must be reviewed and approved before any work with animals begins. Amendments must be approved before implementation. The approved documents must describe current and proposed activities during a given three-year (de novo) approval period.

2. Complete Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) regarding chemical use if requested. These documents should be stored in an easily accessible location in the laboratory with a copy sent to EH&S.

3. Complete the following prior to working with controlled substances (Schedules I-V) and animals:
   a) The Project Registration form for the Controlled Substances Program
b) ACUC approval for the use of these substances and the responsible personnel administering the substances

c) Criminal background checks at UC Police Department

d) EH&S Controlled Substances lab inspections

e) Completion of appropriate online training

4. Maintain current licenses and proper storage and documentation procedures for any controlled substances used in a project.

5. Monitor drugs used in the laboratory and discard or request disposal of any that are outdated.

F. Miscellaneous

1. Submit grant-specific certification requests to OACU for funding agencies to receive a formal letter.

2. Ensure that research receives appropriate review and approval from all applicable oversight committees (e.g., radiation safety, biosafety, stem cell research oversight committee).

3. Biological material (e.g. antibodies or specialty strains of rodents) received for research under a Material Transfer Agreement as well as research agreements with company sponsors that will use animals must be duly processed through the Industry Alliances Office and ACUC.

VI. References


B. National Institutes of Health, Office of Laboratory Animal Welfare. What Investigators Need to Know about the Use of Animals